

2009 International Workshop on New-Concept VLSI Computing and Its Applications

May21-22, 2009 Okinawa Industrial Support Center

Sponsored by:

Center of Education & Research for Information Electronics Systems, Global COE Program of Tohoku University

Scope:

To create future human-oriented information society, advanced intelligent integrated systems which execute autonomously intelligent processing are required. System-on-Chip (SoC) is one of the most important technologies to develop the applications. Investigation of optimal design techniques is essential at all levels such as device, circuit, logic, architecture and application levels. Especially, we focus on the following new paradigm computing related to VLSI:

- (1) Interconnection problem
- (2) Low-power and energy-efficient architecture
- (3) New-concept architecture
- (4) System integration methodology for real-world applications

The topics discussed in the Workshop will spawn innovative technologies and develop other technical areas that enrich our ongoing investigation in information and computer engineering.



Program

May 21, 2009

09:10-09:50 Invited Talk 1

Counting Problems and Clones of Functions Andrei A. Bulatov*, Simon Fraser University, Canada

10:10-12:05: Current-Mode Logic

Robust Multiple-Valued Current-Mode Circuit Components Based on Adaptive Reference-Voltage Control

Naoya Onizawa*, Tohoku University, Japan Takahiro Hanyu, Tohoku University, Japan

Optimization of Current-Mode MVD-ORNS Arithmetic Circuits

Motoi Inaba*, Tsukuba University of Technology, Japan Koichi Tanno, University of Miyazaki, Japan Ryota Sawada, Denso Techno Co., LTD., Japan Hisashi Tanaka, Miyakonojo National College of Technology, Japan Hiroki Tamura, University of Miyazaki, Japan

16-Level Current-Mode Multiple-Valued Dynamic Memory with Increased Noise Margin

Golnar Khodabandehloo, University of Windsor, Canada Mitra Mirhassani*, University of Windsor, Canada Majid Ahmadi, University of Windsor, Canada

Multiple-Valued Reconfigurable VLSI Processor Based on Superposition of Data and Control Signals

Nobuaki Okada*, Tohoku University, Japan Michitaka Kameyama, Tohoku University, Japan

Timing-Variation-Aware Multiple-Valued Current-Mode Circuit for a Low-Power Pipelined System Takashi Matsuura*, Tohoku University, Japan

Hirokatsu Shirahama, Tohoku University, Japan Masanori Natsui, Tohoku University, Japan Takahiro Hanyu, Tohoku University, Japan



13:10-14:50: Quantum Logic

Efficient Implementation of Controlled Operations for Multivalued Quantum Logic David Rosenbaum*, Portland State University, USA Marek Perkowski, Portland State University, USA

Quantum Finite State Machines as Sequential Quantum Circuits

Martin Lukac*, Portland State University, USA Marek Perkowski, Portland State University, USA

Synthesis of GF(3) Based Reversible/Quantum Logic Circuits Without Garbage Output Asif Islam Khan*, UC Berkeley, USA Md. Mahmud Muntakim Khan, EEE, BUET, Bangladesh Shuvro Chowdhury , EEE, BUET, Bangladesh Ayan Kumar Biswas, EEE, BUET, Bangladesh Masud Hasan, CSE, BUET, Bangladesh

Quantum Realization of Multiple-Valued Feynman and Toffoli Gates Without Ancilla Input Mozammel H. A. Khan*, East West University, Bangladesh

15:00-15:40 Invited Talk 2

Multi-Valued Modal Fixed Point Logics for Model Checking Koki Nishizawa*, Tottori University of Environmental Studies, Japan

15:50-17:30: Synthesis of Logic and Digital System

On the Guidance of Reversible Logic Synthesis by Dynamic Variable Reordering David Y. Feinstein*, Innovations, Inc., USA Mitchell A. Thornton, Southern Methodist University, USA

Design of a High-Speed Fuzzy Logic Controller Based on Log-Domain Arithmetic Ali Razib*, University of Alberta, Canada Scott Dick, University of Alberta, Canada Vincent Gaudet, University of Alberta, Canada

The Use of Multiple Connected Pseudo Minterms in the Synthesis of MVL Functions Bambang A. B. Sarif*, CCSE, KFUPM, Saudi Arabia Mostafa Abd-El-Barr, Department of Information Science, Kuwait University, Kuwait

A Two-Pronged Approach of Power-Aware Voltage Scheduling for Real-Time Task Graphs in Multi-Processor Systems

Naotake Kamiura*, University of Hyogo, Japan Ayumu Saitoh, University of Hyogo, Japan Teijiro Isokawa, University of Hyogo, Japan Nobuyuki Matsui, University of Hyogo, Japan



May 22, 2009

09:30-10:10 Invited Talk 3

Computational Neuroscience and Multiple-Valued Logic Mitsuo Kawato*, ATR Computational Neuroscience Laboratories, Japan

10:20-12:00: Spectrum Logic

On Periodic Patterns and their Spectra Claudio Moraga*, European Centre for Soft Computing, Germany Radomir Stankovic, University of Nis, Serbia Jaakko T. Astola, Tampere Univ. Technology, Finland

Discrete Hartley Transforms

Claudio Moraga*, European Centre for Soft Computing, Germany

Generating Hard Instances for MaxSAT

Jordi Planes*, Universitat de Lleida, Spain Felip Manyà, IIIA, CSIC, Spain Ramon Bejar , Universitat de Lleida, Spain Alba Cabiscol, DIEI, UDL, Spain

New Encodings from Max-CSP into Partial Max-SAT

Josep Argelich, INESC-ID, Portugal Alba Cabiscol, DIEI, UDL, Spain Inês Lynce, IST, INESC-ID, Portugal Felip Manyà*, IIIA, CSIC, Spain